# FREEDOM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT FREEDOM, WISCONSIN AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	19
Notes to Financial Statements	20-41
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Other Post Employment Benefits Plan - 10 Year Schedule	42
Notes to Required OPEB Plan Schedule	43
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Wisconsin Retirement System - 10 Year Schedule	44
Schedule of the District's Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System - 10 Year Schedule	45
Notes to Required WRS Schedules	46
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	47
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Special Education Fund	48

### TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

	Page
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	49
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	50
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund	51
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund	52
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	53
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	54
Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	55
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	56-57
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the <i>State Audit Guidelines</i>	58-60
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	61-63
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	64
Corrective Action Plan	65



## Erickson & Associates, S.C.

### Certified Public Accountants

1000 West College Avenue • Appleton, Wisconsin 54914 • (920) 733-4957 • FAX (920) 733-6221 255 South Main Street • Fond du Lac, Wisconsin 54935 • (920) 921-4189 • FAX (920) 923-1149 www.erickson-cpas.com

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Freedom Area School District Freedom, Wisconsin

### Report on the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Freedom Area School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Freedom Area School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-13 and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying nonmajor governmental funds and general fund combining schedules and schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Guidelines, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ERICKSON & ASSOCIATES, S.C.

Exiction : associated, S.C.

Appleton, Wisconsin January 10, 2024

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

This section of Freedom Area School District's (District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- General Fund (Fund 10) fund balance decreased by \$173,036 to \$3,208,886. The fund balance is 14.17% of general fund expenditures. The Board of Education policy is to have a fund balance of greater than 5%.
- General Fund actual revenues of \$21,040,757 were \$109,450 more than final budgeted revenues of \$20,931,307. Actual expenditures of \$19,067,640 were \$416,197 more than the final budgeted expenditures of \$18,651,443.
- For 2022-2023 the District increased compensation to support staff and administrative staff by the about 4.7%. This was the CPI for the year. For the professional staff a portion of the 4.7% was given via a one time stipend that did not increase the base for the following year. The District continued with health and wellness initiatives to keep costs contained in that area. The District also joined an insurance consortium to try to curtail the increased costs and share ideas with others. The cost of salaries and fringe benefits for the District across all funds and for all purposes was \$16,669,982 during 2022-2023 or 63.5% of the entire budget.
- During 2022-2023 the District engaged in conversations with the community as well as an architect and construction manager to assess the current opportunities to make upgrades throughout the District. This work will continue into 2023-2024.

The District website can be found at <u>www.freedomschools.k12.wi.us</u>. Much more information on these topics can be found there.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual financial report consists of two parts - management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements and supplementary information.

The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial activities.

### **District-wide Financial Statements**

- The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> compares assets to liabilities to give an overall view of the financial health of the District. This statement includes fixed assets and long-term liabilities.
- The <u>Statement of Activities</u> defines the District's expenses by function and illustrates the total that is offset by corresponding revenues charges for services and/or operating grants and contributions. General revenues and extraordinary credits are identified. The result is total net expense offset by general and miscellaneous revenue recognizing the change in net position for the District from the previous year.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

- The <u>Balance Sheet Governmental Funds</u> and <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds</u> focus on individual parts of the District. Fund financial statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The <u>Notes to Financial Statements</u> provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position.
- Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements.
- <u>Other Supplementary Information</u> provides information specific to nonmajor governmental funds and the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The major features of the District's financial statements, including the scope of the activities reported and type of information contained is shown in the following table. (Table #1)

Table #1

1 abie #1		Fund Financial Statements					
	District-wide Statements	Governmental	Proprietary				
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds).	The activity of the District that is not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instructional, support services, and community services.	Activities the District operates similar to private business. The District does not report any program for this designation.				
Required financial statements	Statement of net position and statement of activities.	Balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.	Statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows.				
Basis of accounting and measurement focus	Accrual accounting.  Economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting.  Current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting.  Economic resources focus.				
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and longterm.	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter. No capital assets or long-term liabilities included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.				
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, and expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.				

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table #2

Condensed Statement of Net Position							
	<u>2023</u>	2022	% <u>Change</u>				
Assets							
Current Assets	\$6,781,022	\$7,328,581	(7%)				
Capital Assets	\$8,826,714	\$8,977,594	(2 %)				
Noncurrent Assets		\$4,760,013	(%)				
Total Assets	\$15,607,736	\$21,066,188	(26%)				
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	\$19,486,823	\$11,198,534	74%				
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current Liabilities	\$820,072	\$1,064,217	(23%)				
Noncurrent Liabilities	\$11,413,796	\$9,106,551	25%				
Total Liabilities	\$12,233,868	\$10,170,768	20%				
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	\$15,924,386	\$13,142,958	16%				
Net Position							
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$8,466,714	\$8,447,594	%				
Restricted	\$2,913,166	\$2,964,616	(2%)				
Unrestricted	\$(4,443,575)	\$(3,045,127)	(46%)				
Total Net Position	\$6,936,305	\$8,367,083	(17%)				

### Statement of Net Position: (Table #2)

The District's overall financial status, as reflected in total net position, decreased by \$1.4M to \$6.9M or 17% from FY22-23 figures. The District reported total assets of \$15.6M, of which \$8.8M are capital assets. The District reported deferred outflows of \$19.5M at June 30, 2023, relating to the District's WRS net pension plan liability and OPEB plan liabilities. The District reported total liabilities of \$12.2M, of which \$11.4M are long-term liabilities. The District reported deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$15.9M, relating to the District's WRS net pension.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table #3

Changes in Net Position from Operating Results For Governmental Activities								
% 2022-2023 <u>%</u> 2021-22 <u>%</u> <u>Change</u>								
Revenues:								
Program:								
	Charges for Services	\$1,565,119	7%	\$1,301,479	6%	20%		
General:	Operating Grants & Cont.	\$4,011,894	17%	\$3,705,940	16%	8%		
	General State Aids	\$11,710,013	49%	\$11,486,320	49%	2%		
	Property Taxes	\$6,397,873	27%	\$6,697,915	29%	(4%)		
	Other	\$104,601	0%	\$70,502	0%	48%		
Total Rev	enues	\$23,789,500	100%	\$23,262,156	100%_	2%		
Expenses:								
	Instruction	\$14,015,793	56%	\$11,356,199	54%	23%		
	Support Services	\$7,669,487	30%	\$6,364,000	30%	21%		
	Nonprogram	\$2,492,454	10%	\$2,487,791	12%	%		
	Food Service	\$594,430	2%	\$517,033	2%	15%		
	Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$18,753	0%	\$23,350	0%	(20%)		
	Unallocated Depreciation	\$429,361	2%	\$444,764	2%	(3%)		
Total Exp	enses	\$25,220,278	100%	\$21,193,137	100%	19%		
Change in	Net Position	_(\$1,430,778)		\$2,069,019		(169%)		

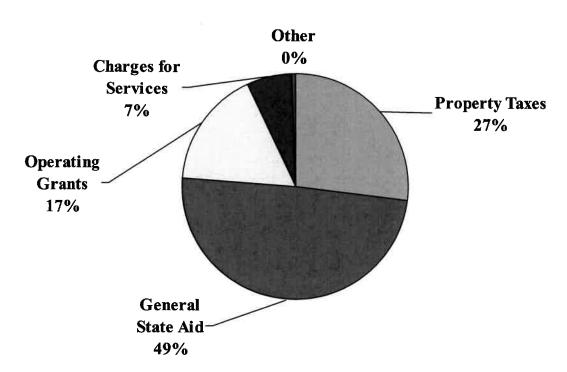
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Revenues: (Table #3)

- For FY22-23, the District received \$23.7M in revenue. This is an increase of 2% or \$527,344 over the previous year. General state aids increased over the prior year by \$223,693 to \$11.7M. Property taxes decreased by \$300,042 to \$6.4M. For FY22-23, 49% of total revenue came from general state aids, and 27% came from local school property taxes. The District received approximately 24% of all revenue in the form of specific use state aid, federal grants, contributions from individuals, and direct fees for services.
- Individuals, who directly participated or received benefits from a program offering, contributed \$1.5M of the cost, an increase of \$305,954 from the prior year. Book and activity fees, admissions to athletic events, school lunch fees, open enrollment tuition, and building rental fees are included here.
- Individuals and federal and state government subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$4.0M, which is a increase of \$0.8M from the prior year. Special education, transportation, breakfast, and lunch aids are included here.
- The District received \$104,601 in other income.

### REVENUES ALL FUNDS 2022-2023



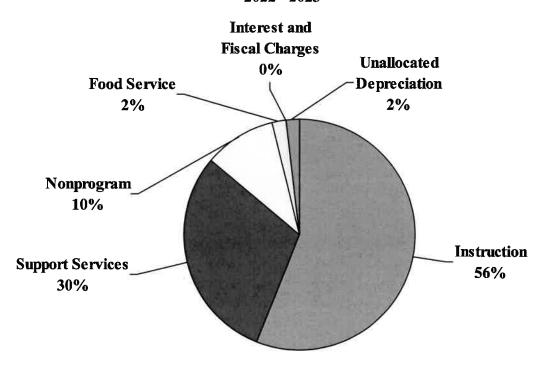
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Expenses: (Table #3)

• For FY22-23, the District's total expenditure amount was \$25.2. This is a increase of \$4.0M from the prior year. For FY22-23, 56% was directed to instruction and 30% was directed to support services. Nonprogram expenditure amounts were 10% of the total. The food service program represents 2% and costs for debt service represented 0% of total expenditures.

### EXPENDITURES ALL FUNDS 2022 - 2023



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table #4

Net Cost of Governmental Activities						
	Total Cost of Services  2023	Net Cost of Services  2023				
Instruction	\$14,015,793	\$10,317,192				
Support Services	\$7,669,487	\$6,380,854				
Nonprogram	\$2,492,454	\$2,450,419				
Food Service	\$594,430	\$46,686				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$18,753	\$18,753				
Unallocated Depreciation	\$429,361	\$429,361				
Totals	\$25,220,278	\$19,643,265				

### Net Cost of Governmental Activities: (Table #4)

- Total cost of all governmental activities was \$25.2M.
- The net cost of governmental activities, \$19.6M, was financed by general revenues, which are primarily made up of general state aids of \$11.7M and property taxes of \$6.4M. Miscellaneous and investment earnings accounted for \$104,601. In addition, District operations were subsidized by \$5.5M, which was collected through direct fees, operating grants, and contributions.

### General Fund Budgetary Comparison:

- Consistent with current state statutes and regulations, an original budget is adopted in October to reflect
  the actual revenue cap and state aid certification. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes
  in fund balances-budget and actual for the general fund shows a comparison of the budget versus actual.
- Actual results for the year showed a deficit of revenues over expenditures of \$173,036. Total revenues were under budgeted by \$109,450. Total expenditures were under budgeted by \$416,197.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Fund Balances:

- The District shows a total for all fund balances of \$6.1M as of June 30, 2023.
- \$3.2M is in the general fund. The District utilizes this fund balance for funding future short-term operations. The fund balance is 14.17% of general fund expenditures. The Board of Education's policy is to have a minimum fund balance of at least 5%. The board policy goal has been met and the District will strive to maintain at least that level of fund balance.
- \$11,555 in the debt service fund is reserved to make future payments on long-term debt.
- Fund balances in the food service fund and long-term capital projects fund will be used to fund continuing operations in those funds.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration:**

### Capital Assets

• At year-end, the District had \$8.8M in capital assets. Further detail can be found in Note 3 in the financial statements.

### Long-term Debt

• At year-end, the District had \$11.4M in long-term obligations. Further detail can be found in Note 4 in the financial statements.

### Economic Factors That Will Have an Impact on the Future of the District:

Many things occur in the District that will have significance on the future of the District. These items should be kept in mind while reading the financial statements and looking at the current status of the District.

- One of the main factors that will have economic impact on the future of the District will be how the
  Wisconsin Legislature continues to fund education. Each year as the state budget is being developed;
  educational institutions cannot be sure what the impact will be to their budget. As school districts live
  under revenue limits, the numbers used to generate that limit are critical to the operations of public
  education.
- Another factor that will have economic impact on the District is the number of students that are enrolled. This number is what is used to generate the revenue limit and amount of money that can be raised to fund the schools. At this time the District does have a slight decline in enrollment and has closed open enrollment opportunities in some grade levels and programs for the last two years.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

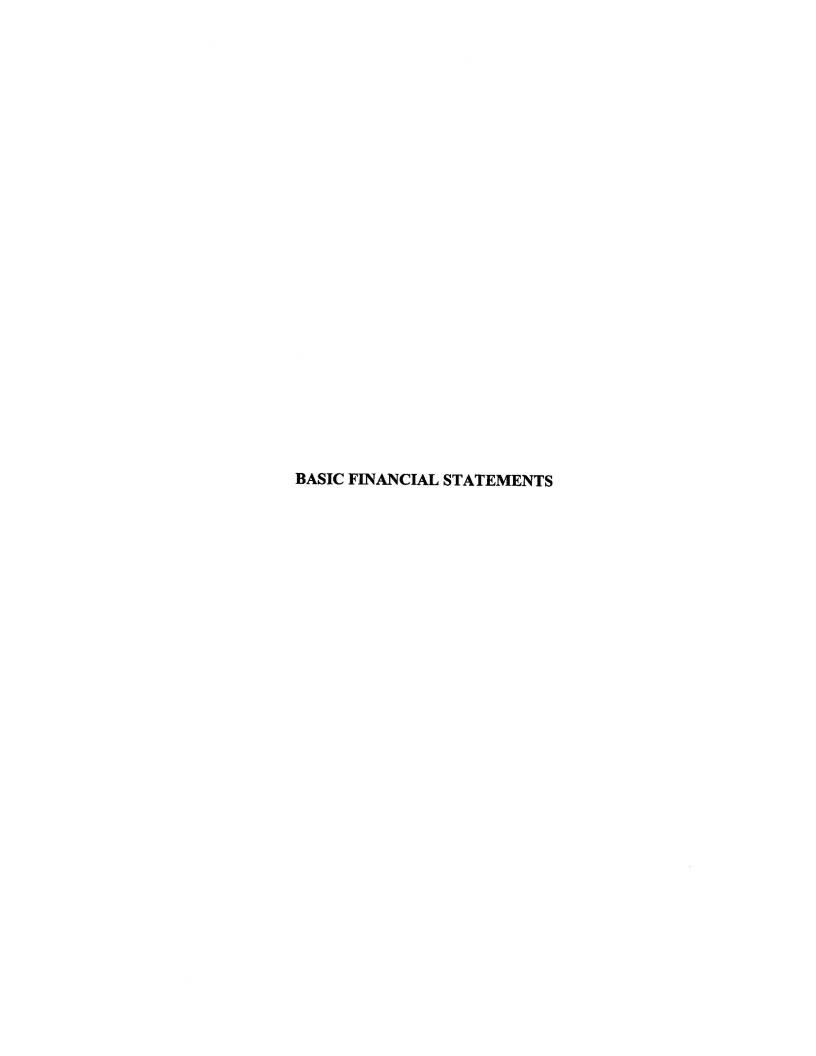
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### Economic Factors That Will Have an Impact on the Future of the District - Continued:

- Federal funding will be provided to schools to assist with learning loss recovery, these funds have a deadline of use of September 30, 2024. The District did the best continue spending these funds on one time uses or costs that can be absorbed into the District budget when the programs are completed.
- Health insurance is an issue that will be continuously reviewed, and changes will be made to keep the
  District compliant with the Affordable Care Act. This will have financial impact on the District that must
  be considered. The District will continue to work with the consortium to stay abreast of opportunities in
  regards to insurance benefits.
- The District has noticed an issue with the current salary schedule and some staff falling behind. This will be looked at and address in the future. This will have a budget impact.
- One of the items that will be looked at in the future is the District offered retirement plans. They will be evaluated to see if a fair offering can be made to staff while they are working rather than waiting until retirement. This will have a budget impact.
- After taking some time the District will once again visit the needs of the District related to space and modern learning spaces. A third referendum will be tried in April 2024 to renovate and add to current space in the District.

### Contacting the District's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Maggie Gagnon, Director of Business Services, Freedom Area School District, N4021 County Road E, Freedom, WI 54130-7593.



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

### **ASSETS**

ABBLIB	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 4,054,069
Taxes receivable	1,382,883
Accounts receivable	43,454
Prepaid expense	14,900
Due from other governments	1,271,212
Inventory	14,504
Total current assets	6,781,022
Capital assets:	
Land, buildings and equipment	21,344,371
Less accumulated depreciation	12,517,657
Net capital assets	8,826,714
Total assets	15,607,736_
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to WRS pension	19,234,557
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	252,266
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,486,823
Total deletted outflows of resources	19,460,623

### LIABILITIES

Entitle	
Current liabilities:	
Current portion of notes payable	175,000
Accounts payable	206
Food service deposits	25,482
Accrued salaries and wages	35,685
Accrued payroll taxes and withholdings	580,913
Accrued interest payable	2,786
Total current liabilities	820,072
Long-term liabilities:	<del>!!</del>
Net pension liability - WRS	3,089,479
Bonds and notes payable	185,000
Other post employment benefits	8,071,254
Unused vested employee benefits	68,063
Total long-term liabilities	11,413,796
Total liabilities	12,233,868
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to WRS pension	14,371,225
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,553,161
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,924,386
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	8,466,714
Restricted	2,913,166
Unrestricted	( 4,443,575)
Total net position	\$ 6,936,305

# FREEDOM, WISCONSIN

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Revenues				Ne	t (Expense)
		8		С	perating	Re	evenue and
		Ch	arges for	G	rants and	(	Changes in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	S	Services Contri		ntributions	N	et Position
Instruction:		3					
Undifferentiated curriculum	\$ 3,946,170	\$	664,383	\$	271,628	\$ (	3,010,159)
Regular curriculum	5,276,933		664,382		229,536	(	4,383,015)
Special education curriculum	2,907,049				1,321,428	(	1,585,621)
Other instructional curriculum	1,885,641				547,244	(	1,338,397)
Total instruction	14,015,793	1	1,328,765		2,369,836		10,317,192)
Support services:				8			):
Pupil services	976,679				949,123	(	27,556)
Instructional staff services	819,559				135,322	(	684,237)
General administration	332,472				39,760	(	292,712)
School building administration	1,088,403					(	1,088,403)
Business administration	3,128,975				9,163	(	3,119,812)
Other support services	1,323,399				155,265	, _ (	1,168,134)
Total support services	7,669,487			05	1,288,633	1	6,380,854)
Nonprogram	2,492,454				42,035	(	2,450,419)
Food service	594,430		236,354		311,390	(	46,686)
Interest and fiscal charges	18,753					(	18,753)
Unallocated depreciation	429,361					(	429,361)
Total activities	\$ 25,220,278	\$	1,565,119	\$	4,011,894		19,643,265)
	General reven	ues:					
	General stat						11,710,013
	Property tax	kes lev	ied for:				, ,
	General p						6,212,873
	Debt serv	-					185,000
	Interest inco	ome					60,910
	Miscellaneo	ous					43,691
14D1	Total genera		nues			_	18,212,487
	Change in	n net p	osition			(	1,430,778)
	Net position, b	beginn	ing of the ye	ear,		-	8,367,083
	Net position, e	end of	year			\$	6,936,305

# FREEDOM, WISCONSIN

### BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Car	Term oital vement		on-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	1,141,003	\$	11,555	\$ 2,14	2,229	\$	759,282	\$	4,054,069
Taxes receivable, net		1,382,883								1,382,883
Accounts receivable		15,692						27,762		43,454
Prepaid Expense		14,900								14,900
Due from other funds										
Due from other governments		1,271,212								1,271,212
Inventory	_				9		_	14,504	_	14,504
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	3,825,690	<u>\$</u>	11,555	\$ 2,14	12,229	<u>\$</u>	801,548	<u>\$</u>	6,781,022
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN Liabilities:	ICE	S								
Accounts payable	\$	206	\$		\$		\$		\$	206
Food service deposits								25,482		25,482
Accrued salaries and wages		35,685								35,685
& withholdings		580,913								580,913
Due to other funds		- <b>-</b>								<b></b>
Total liabilities	9	616,804	_		<i>n</i>			25,482	_	642,286
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable								14,504		14,504
Spendable:										
Restricted		119,599		11,555	2,14	12,229		625,279		2,898,662
Assigned								136,283		136,283
Unassigned		3,089,287		·						3,089,287
Total fund balances		3,208,886		11,555	2,14	12,229		776,066		6,138,736
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,825,690	\$	11,555	\$ 2,14	12,229	\$	801,548	\$	6,781,022

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$	6,138,736
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The capital assets consisted of:			
Land Land improvements, net of \$1,136,312 accumulated depreciation Buildings, net of \$6,259,279 accumulated depreciation Furniture and equipment, net of \$5,084,066	1,501,475 79,563 6,604,136		
accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	641,540		8,826,714
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			19,486,823
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the governmental funds balance sheet.		(	2,786)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest is not accrued in governmental funds but, rather, is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Balances as of June 30, 2023, are:			
Bonds and notes payable, including current portion Other post employment benefits Unused vested employee benefits Total long-term liabilities	( 360,000) ( 8,071,254) ( 68,063)	(	11,588,796)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(	15,924,386)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$	6,936,305

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Long-Term Capital Improvement Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 6,452,919	\$ 185,132	\$ 24,310	\$ 776,157	\$ 7,438,518
Interdistrict sources	1,650,724				1,650,724
Intermediate sources	68,828				68,828
State sources	12,643,740			12,488	12,656,228
Federal sources	1,553,426			322,166	1,875,592
Other sources	99,093			517	99,610
Total revenues	22,468,730	185,132	24,310	1,111,328	23,789,500
Expenditures:				-	
Instruction:					
Undifferentiated curriculum	3,875,493			88,372	3,963,865
Regular curriculum	4,588,616			386,041	4,974,657
Special education curriculum	2,723,426				2,723,426
Other instructional curriculum	1,750,105			21,441	1,771,546
Total instruction	12,937,640			495,854	13,433,494
Support services:		*			
Pupil services	925,388				925,388
Instructional staff services	774,733			1,172	775,905
General administration	314,919				314,919
School building administration	1,016,709				1,016,709
Business administration	3,008,783		38,012		3,046,795
Debt service		189,500			189,500
Other support services	1,171,140			127,928	1,299,068
Total support services	7,211,672	189,500	38,012	129,100	7,568,284
Nonprogram	2,492,454				2,492,454
Food service				594,430	594,430
Total expenditures	22,641,766	189,500	38,012	1,219,384	24,088,662
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	( 173,036)	(4,368)	( 13,702)	( 108,056)	( 299,162)
Other financing sources (uses):	<del>//</del>	======			\$
Operating transfers in					
Operating transfers (out)					
Net other financing					
sources (uses)					
Net change in fund balances	( 173,036)	( 4,368)	( 13,702)	( 108,056)	( 299,162)
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,381,922	15,923	2,155,931	884,122	6,437,898
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,208,886	\$ 11,555	\$ 2,142,229	\$ 776,066	\$ 6,138,736

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ (	299,162)
The change in net position reported for governmental activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is capitalized and depreciated over their useful lives. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period.	(	150,880)
Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. This is the amount pension expense exceeds the amounts contributed by the District based on WRS calculations.	(	758,092)
Other post employment benefits are reported in the governmental funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned throughout the year. The increase in other post employment benefits liability is greater than the amounts paid.	(	381,712)
Governmental funds report actual vested employee benefit payments made. The district-wide statement of activities includes unused vested employee benefits expense on an accrual basis. This is the amount by which payments exceed the accrual basis is in the current year.	(	11,679)
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the district-wide statement of activities and changes in net position but does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, accrued interest is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.		747
Loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and, thus, contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which repayments exceed proceeds.		170,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$(	1,430,778)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of Freedom Area School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting principles and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

Freedom Area School District was established on July 3, 1963, as a common school district. The District, governed by a seven member elected board, operates grades Pre-K through 12 and is comprised of all or parts of six taxing districts. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement since it has decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and it is primarily accountable for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units, as defined in GASB Statement No. 61, that are included in the District's reporting entity.

### **B. Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, as prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction, for elementary and secondary school districts, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The District operates the following major governmental funds:

General fund - the general fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Debt service fund - the debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Long-term capital improvement fund - the long-term capital improvement fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities. The District may not expend money deposited into the fund for a period of five years. The fund was established in June 2015 and first funded in July 2015.

The District operates the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District uses special revenue funds to account for its other special projects, TEACH, food service, and community service funds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

### C. Basis of Presentation

District-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation between the district-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between the direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. All taxes and revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. Their focus is on major funds rather than reported funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a single column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they become both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the District is sixty days after year-end.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been met. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: property taxes, investment earnings, tuition, grants, and student fees.

### Expenditures

Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### E. Budgetary Accounting

Operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all governmental funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The legally adopted budget and budgetary expenditure control is exercised at the object level in the general fund and at the total expenditures level for all other funds. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education (Board) resolution.

### F. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. All funds share common (pooled) checking and investment accounts unless regulations require separate investment accounts.

All investments are stated at market value. Determination of fair value for investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is based on information provided by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board.

# FREEDOM, WISCONSIN

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

### **G. Property Taxes**

The aggregate District tax levy is apportioned and certified by November 6 of the current fiscal year for collection to comprising municipalities based on the immediate past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes may be paid in full or two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31, and the final payment no later than the following July 31. On or before January 15, and by the 20th of each subsequent month thereafter, the District is paid by the collecting municipalities its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. On or before August 20, the County Treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance. The County assumes all responsibility for delinquent real property taxes.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period that the taxes are levied as if they are due in the current year and available to pay current liabilities. The 2022 tax levy is used to finance operations of the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. All property taxes are considered due on January 1, 2023, when an enforceable lien is assessed against the property and the taxpayer is liable for the taxes. All taxes are collected within 60 days of June 30 and are available to pay current liabilities.

### H. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of taxes, accounts, and governmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of federal and state programs.

### I. Inventory

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

### J. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Pay, and Other Employee Benefit Amounts

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability if the employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those employees for whom it is probable will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The criteria for determining the vacation and sick leave liability is derived from Board policy, employee handbooks, and state laws.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the district-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be paid using expendable available resources. The balance of the liability is not recorded.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

### K. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are reported in the district-wide statement of net position but not in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirement during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their market value as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,000 and a useful life of less than one year, unless their exclusion as a group would make the financial statements materially misleading. All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital asset. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land	Not depreciated
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings	50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	7 years

### L. Interfund Activity

Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables in the fund financial statements. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

### M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt are reported in the district-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, accrued liabilities are generally reported as a governmental fund liability if due for payment as of the balance sheet date, regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current financial resources. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources. Long-term debt paid from governmental funds is not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

### N. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position will report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and, therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has deferred outflows relating to the WRS pension plan and its OPEB plan.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and, therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has deferred inflows relating to the WRS pension plan and its OPEB plan.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

### O. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for the classifications of fund balances on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance - this classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - these amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the Board - the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District did not have any committed fund balances as of June 30, 2023.

Assigned fund balance - this classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board, district administrator, and the business manager have the *authority* to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts in governmental funds, other than in the general fund that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance - this fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order as needed.

The Board has set a general fund minimum fund balance target at least 5% of expenditures and recurring transfers of both the general and special education funds. The special education fund does not meet the definition of a special revenue fund as defined in GASB pronouncements and the activity in this fund is consolidated with the general fund in the fund financial statements.

District-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued:

Restricted net position - amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

### P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Q. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net other post employment benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB benefit, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to the District. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Note 2. Cash and Investments:

The debt service fund accounts for its transactions through separate and distinct bank and investment accounts as required by state statutes. All other funds share in common bank and investment accounts.

The District is required to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statute 66.0603(1m). The Board has adopted an investment policy pursuant to these statutes that allows the District to invest in the following:

Time deposits
Securities guaranteed by the U. S. Government
Securities of Wisconsin Municipal Units

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

Securities of Wisconsin Educational and Local Government Investment Pool

Bonds issued by a local exposition district

Bonds issued by a local professional baseball park district

Bonds issued by a local professional stadium district

Bonds issued by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority

Bonds issued by a local cultural arts district

Bonds issued by the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority

Securities which mature or may be tendered for purchase at the option of the holder within not more than 7 years of the date on which it is acquired and received the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investors Service, or other similar nationally recognized rating agency

Securities of an open-ended management investment company or investment trust, if the investment company does not charge a sales load, is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and the portfolio is limited to bonds and securities issued by the federal government, bonds that are guaranteed by the federal government, or repurchase securities that are fully collateralized by bonds or securities

The carrying amount of the District's cash and investments totaled \$4,054,069 on June 30, 2023, as summarized below:

Petty cash funds	\$ 275
Deposits with financial institutions	4,053,195
Investments:	
Local Government Investment Pool	 599
	\$ 4,054,069
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:	
Statement of net position	 4,054,069

Deposits and investments of the District are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of specific risks and the District's policy related to each risk.

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

Deposits in banks are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 per official custodian. In addition, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund that provides a maximum of \$400,000 per entity above the amount provided by the FDIC. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relation to the total coverage, total recovery of losses may not be available.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 2. Cash and Investments - Continued:

As of June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$4,053,195 and the bank balance was \$4,534,950. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by FDIC insurance and the remaining \$4,284,950 was covered by pledged collateral.

The investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is insured against defaults in principal payments by Financial Security Assurance Incorporated.

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) does not have a credit quality rating and is also not subject to credit risk disclosure because investments are not issued in securities form. It is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually and carries investments at amortized cost for purposes of calculating income to participants. At June 30, 2023, the fair value of the District's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

In accordance with certain contractual provisions, investment income associated with LGIP is assigned to the corresponding fund in which the assets are held. Participants in LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total of one day's notice. The LGIP does not include any involuntary participants.

A separate financial report for SIF is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Copies of the report can be obtained from <a href="http://www.doa.state.wi.us/Divisions/Budget-and-Finance/LGIP">http://www.doa.state.wi.us/Divisions/Budget-and-Finance/LGIP</a>

### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is not rated. The following is the distribution of the District's investments:

		1	air
	 Cost	V	alue
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 599	_\$	599

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy to address interest rate risk.

Dain

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 3. Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

•	Beginning Balance	Additions		Additions Reductions		03	Ending Balance
Governmental							
activities:		_		•		Φ.	1 501 455
Land	\$ 1,501,475	\$		\$	nd 100	\$	1,501,475
Land improvements	1,215,875						1,215,875
Buildings	12,863,415						12,863,415
Furniture and							
equipment	5,447,125	278	,481				5,725,606
Building							
infrastructure	38,000						38,000
Totals	21,065,890	278	,481	18			21,344,371
Accumulated							
depreciation:							
Land improvements	1,130,975	5	,337				1,136,312
Buildings	6,041,671	217	,608				6,259,279
Furniture and	, ,						
equipment	4,877,650	206	,416				5,084,066
Building	, ,						
infrastructure	38,000						38,000
Totals	12,088,296	429	,361				12,517,657
Net totals	\$ 8,977,594	\$ ( 150	),880)	\$		_\$	8,826,714

All depreciation expense was charged to unallocated depreciation.

### Note 4. Long-term Obligations:

Long-term obligations of the District at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Type  Compress	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation debt	\$ 530,000	\$	\$ 170,000	\$ 360,000	\$ 175,000
Other post employment benefits Net Pension Liability – WRS	8,690,167	800,782 3,089,479	1,419,695	8,071,254 3,089,479	
Vested employee benefits	56,384_	11,679		68,063	
Totals	\$ 9,620,074	\$3,901,940	\$1,589,695	\$11,229,156	\$ 175,000

Total interest paid for the year ended June 30, 2023, was \$19,500 for general obligation debt.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 4. Long-term Obligations Continued:

All general long-term obligations are secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the District. General obligation debt at June 30, 2021, is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Date of		Balance
General obligation notes	07/02/18	2.0 - 4.0%	04/01/25	_\$_	360,000

The 2023 equalized valuation of the District as certified by Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$1,292,873,471. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2023, in accordance with Section 67.03(1) (b) of the Wisconsin Statutes, consisted of the following:

Debt limit	
(10% of \$1,292,873,471)	\$ 129,287,347
Deduct long-term debt applicable to debt margin	360,000
Margin of indebtedness	\$ 128,927,347

Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of general obligation debt principal and interest on June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year ending					
June 30,	<u> </u>	Principal	]	Interest	Totals
2024		175,000		14,400	189,400
2025		185,000		7,400	192,400
Totals	\$	360,000	\$	21,800	\$ 381,800

### Note 5. Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget:

The following functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended June 30, 2023:

General fund:	
General administration	\$ 24,479
School building administration	24,331
Business administration	337,346
Other support services	217,639
Special education fund:	
Other support services	8,108

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

### Note 7. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

### Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

### **Benefits Provided**

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/16) are entitled to receive a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Credible service also includes credible military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

### **Post-Retirement Adjustments**

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 6. Fund Balance Reporting:

The following table discloses details of the amounts reported in the various fund balance categories as of June 30, 2023:

<u>Description</u>	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Long-Term Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable: Inventory - food service fund	\$	\$	\$	\$ 14,504	\$ 14,504
Restricted:					
Donations - special revenue trust fund			=	372,796	372,796
Debt service fund		11,555			11,555
Long-term capital improvement fund			2,142,229		2,142,229
Food service fund				252,483	252,483
Unspent common school funds	119,599				119,599
Assigned:					
Community service fund activities				136,283	136,283
Unassigned	3,089,287				3,089,287
Total fund balances	\$ 3,208,886	\$ 11,555	\$ 2,142,229	\$ 776,066	\$ 6,138,736

#### Note 7. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan:

#### **Plan Description**

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 7. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
Year	Adjustment (%)	Adjustment (%)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21
2021	5.1	13
2022	7.4	15

#### Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executives & elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$682,181in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives, and elected officials)	6.5%	6.5%
Protective with Social Security	6.5%	12.0%
Protective without Social Security	6.5%	16.4%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 7. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability (asset) of \$3,089,479 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to December 31, 2022. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.05831734%, which was a increase of 0.00073854% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$1,573,279.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 4,920,583	\$ 6,464,543
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	13,149,641	7,901,326
Changes in assumptions	607,519	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	19,295	5,356
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	537,519	
Totals	\$ 19,234,557	\$ 14,371,225

\$537,519 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows f Resources
2023	\$ 5,966,535	\$	5,784,630
2024	5,232,686		4,336,908
2025	4,207,642		3,287,352
2026	3,290,175		962,335

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 7. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2021
Measurement date of net pension liability (asset)	December 31, 2022
Experience atuaty	January 1, 2018 – December 31, 2020
Experience study	Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age Normal
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Long-term expected rate of return	6.8%
Discount rate	6.8%
Salary increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience Morality Table
Post-retirement adjustments*	1.7%

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2022, is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation.

#### Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 7. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

Retirement Funds Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns

•		Rate of Return %		
Core Fund Asset Class	_Asset Allocation %_	Long-Term Expected Nominal	Long-Term Expected Real	
Global equities	48	7.6	5.0	
Fixed income	25	5.3	2.7	
Inflation sensitive assets	19	3.6	1.1	
Real estate	8	5.2	2.6	
Private equity/debt	15	9.6	6.9	
Total Core Fund	115	7.4	4.8	
Variable Fund Asset Class	_			
U.S. equities	70	7.2	4.6	
International equities	30	8.1	5.5	
Total Variable Fund	100	7.7	5.1	

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

#### Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 4.05% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2022. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 7. General Information About the WRS Pension Plan - Continued:

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.8%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to	Current	1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(5.8%)	(6.8%)	(7.8%)
District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability (asset)	\$ 10,253,883	<u>\$3,089,479</u>	\$(1,839,015)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>

#### Note 8. General Information About the OPEB Plan:

#### Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District's post-employment medical and dental plan is a single-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees, spouses and their dependents. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is with the Board of Education. The plan is not funded with a trust and there is no financial report issued by the plan.

Administrators and Teachers: to be eligible for benefits, teachers must be at least 55 years of age with a minimum of 15 years of service or at least age 57 with a minimum of 20 years of service if hired after July 1, 2000.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	
Active plan members	179_
Total	193

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 8. General Information About the OPEB Plan - Continued:

#### **Contributions**

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. No amounts are accumulated in a trust to pay OPEB benefits.

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.0 % Salary increases 3.0 %

Investment rate of return 5.5 %, net of OPEB plan investment expenses
Healthcare cost trend rates Medical: Initial rate of 6.5%, decreasing by .1% per year down to 5.0%, and level thereafter.

Mortality rates were based on the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an experience study conducted in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-2017.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.00%, which is reflective of a S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

#### Note 8. General Information About the OPEB Plan - Continued:

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

		otal OPEB Liability
Balance at 6/30/2021	\$	8,690,167
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		600,957
Interest		199,825
Differences between expected and actual experience	(	134,286)
Changes in assumptions or other input	(	1,066,334)
Benefit payments	(	219,075)
Net changes	(	618,913)
Balance at 6/30/2022	\$	8,071,254

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1%-point lower (3.00%) or 1%-point higher (5.00%) than the discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(3.00%)	(4.00%)	(5.00%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 8,671,006	\$ 8,071,254	\$ 7,501,956	

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1%-point lower or 1%-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(5.5% Decrease	(6.5% Decrease	(7.5% Decrease
č	to 4.0%)	to 5.0%)	to 6.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 7,156,144	\$ 8,071,254	\$ 9,143,809

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 8. General Information About the OPEB Plan - Continued:

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$381,713. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$ 1,056,291
Changes and assumptions			496,870
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments			
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		252,266	 
Totals	\$	252,266	\$ 1,553,161

\$252,266 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending	
June 30,	
2023	\$ (166,803)
2024	(166,803)
2025	(166,803)
2026	(166,803)
2027	(166,803)
Thereafter	(719,146)

#### Note 9. Limitation on School District Revenues:

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of revenues that school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum. This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by a referendum prior to August 12, 1993
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

#### Note 10. Contingent Liabilities:

Risk management - the District is exposed to various risks of loss, including torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance coverage for most of these risks. There were no reductions in purchased coverage for the year ended June 30, 2023. No settlements exceeded insured amounts in the last three fiscal years.

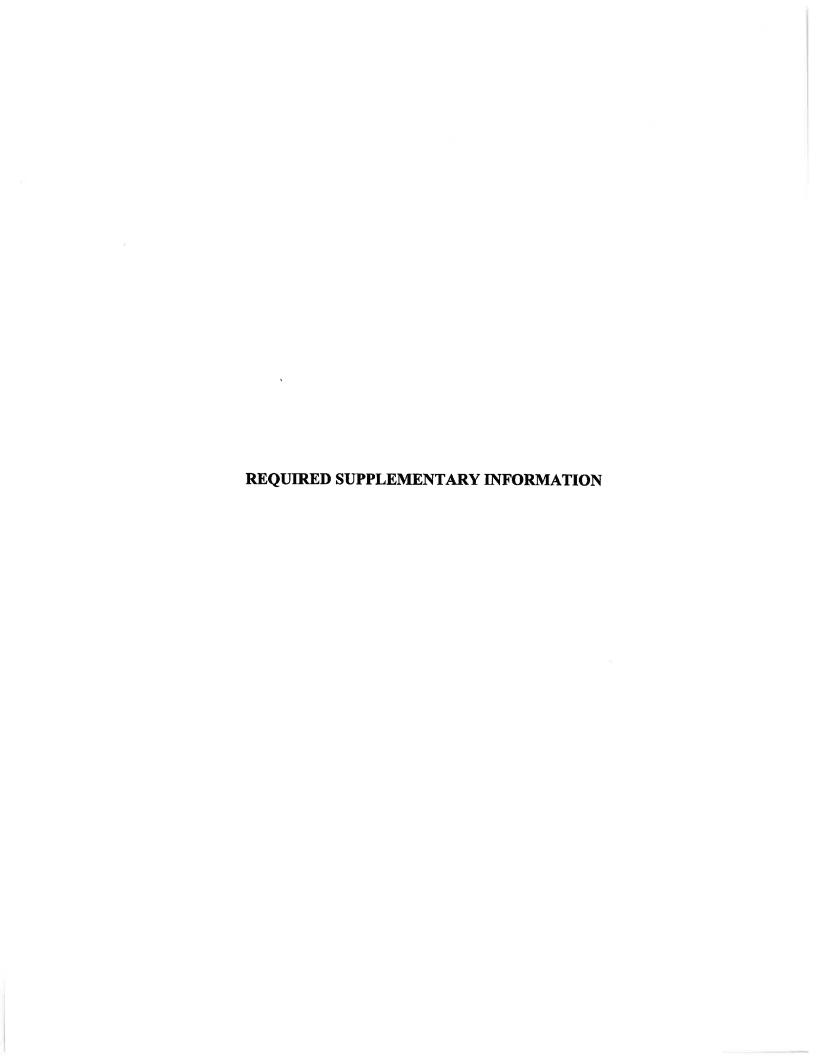
Litigation - from time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and counsel that the likelihood is remote, due in part to insurance coverage, that any other such claims or proceedings will have a material effect on the District's financial position.

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

#### Note 11. Subsequent Events:

The District has evaluated all subsequent events through January 10, 2024, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Other Post Employment Benefits Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other input Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 600,957 199,825 ( 134,286) ( 1,066,344) ( 219,075) ( 618,913)	\$ 619,751 203,276  ( 713,136) ( 288,631) ( 178,740)	\$ 489,921 269,275  787,239 ( 252,266) 1,294,169
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	8,690,167 \$ 8,071,254	8,868,907 \$ 8,690,167	7,574,738 \$ 8,868,907
The District's covered employee payroll	8,207,732	\$ 8,207,732	\$ 7,910,604
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	98.34%	105.88%	112.11%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year-end.

<sup>2018</sup> was the first year that this information has been made available due to implementation of GASB 75.

2020		2019	_	2018
\$ 484,379 289,887 ( 551,159) ( 15,973) ( 241,032) ( 33,898)	\$	506,088 260,105  ( 154,023) ( 364,100) 248,070	\$	506,088 247,893   ( 446,077) 307,904
\$ 7,608,636 7,574,738	<u>\$</u>	7,360,566 7,608,636	<u>\$</u>	7,052,662 7,360,566
\$ 7,910,604	\$	7,325,010	\$	7,325,010
95.75%		103.87%		100.49%

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED OPEB PLAN SCHEDULE

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Change of Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms for this benefit.

#### Note 2. Change of Assumptions:

No significant change in assumptions were noted from the prior year.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

Wisconsin Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Share of the Net Pension Liability		 Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
06/30/15 06/30/16 06/30/17 06/30/18 06/30/19 06/30/20	0.06304815% 0.06226076% 0.06185384% 0.06157870% 0.06084384% 0.06002093%	<b>\$</b> (	1,548,209) 1,011,725 509,823 1,828,344) 2,164,633 1,935,348)	\$ 8,652,205 8,660,228 9,078,050 9,061,810 9,049,023 9,638,055	102.74% 98.20% 99.12% 102.93% 96.45% 102.96% 105.26%		
06/30/21 06/30/22 06/30/23	0.05928738% 0.05905588% 0.05831734	(	3,701,393) 4,760,012) 3,089,479	9,822,654 10,049,953 10,495,097	105.26% 106.02% 95.72%		

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

2015 was the first year that this information was made available due to implementation of GASB 68.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Wisconsin Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Fiscal Year Ending	I	ntractually Required ntributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Employee Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
06/30/15	\$	605,654	\$	605,654	\$		\$	8,652,205	7.00%
06/30/16		588,895		588,895				8,660,228	6.80%
06/30/17		599,151		599,151				9,078,050	6.60%
06/30/18		616,203		616,203				9,061,810	6.80%
06/30/19		606,284		606,284				9,049,023	6.70%
06/30/20		631,292		631,292				9,638,055	6.55%
06/30/21		663,029		663,029				9,822,654	6.75%
06/30/22		678,371		678,371				10,049,953	6.75%
06/30/23		682,181		682,181				10,495,097	6.50%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

2015 was the first year that this information was made available due to implementation of GASB 68.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED WRS SCHEDULES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Change of Benefit Terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

#### Note 2. Change of Assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the 2020 Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	ф <i>С</i> 440 <b>/07</b>	ф <i>С 140 С</i> ЭТ	e 6.452.010	\$ 4,292
Local sources	\$ 6,448,627	\$ 6,448,627	\$ 6,452,919 1,650,724	( 5(500)
Interdistrict sources	1,687,232	1,687,232	55,914	( 36,508) 6,714
Intermediate sources	49,200	49,200	11,743,267	46,389
State sources	11,696,878	11,696,878 942,870	1,038,840	95,970
Federal sources	942,870 106,500	106,500	99,093	( 7,407)
Other sources	20,931,307	20,931,307	21,040,757	109,450
Total revenues	20,931,307	20,931,307		109,430
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Undifferentiated curriculum	3,942,707	3,942,707	3,875,493	67,214
Regular curriculum	4,663,813	4,663,813	4,588,616	75,197
Other instructional curriculum	1,766,865	1,766,865	1,750,105	16,760
Total instruction	10,373,385	10,373,385	10,214,214	159,171
Support services:				10.010
Pupil services	686,949	686,949	674,037	12,912
Instructional staff services	564,741	564,741	550,520	14,221
General administration	290,440	290,440	314,919	( 24,479)
School building administration	992,378	992,378	1,016,709	( 24,331)
Business administration	2,534,775	2,534,775	2,872,121	( 337,346)
Other support services	907,243	907,243	1,124,882	( 217,639)
Total support services	5,976,526	5,976,526	6,553,188	( 576,662)
Nonprogram	2,301,532	2,301,532	2,300,238	1,294
Total expenditures	18,651,443	18,651,443	19,067,640	( 416,197)
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	2,279,864	2,279,864	1,973,117	(306,747)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers (out)	( 2,471,413)	( 2,471,413)	( 2,146,153)	325,260
Net change in fund balance	( 191,549)	( 191,549)	( 173,036)	18,513
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,381,922	3,381,922	3,381,922	- <del>-</del>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,190,373	\$ 3,190,373	\$ 3,208,886	\$ 18,513

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND

		ginal dget		Final Budget	·	Actual		avorable favorable)
Revenues:								
Intermediate sources	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	12,914	\$	5,914
State sources	1	823,813		823,813		900,473		76,660
Federal sources	*	582,072	-	582,072		514,586	(_	67,486)
Total revenues	1,	412,885	_	1,412,885	_	1,427,973		15,088
Expenditures:								
Instruction:								
Special education curriculum	2,	883,703		2,883,703		2,723,426		160,277
Regular curriculum								-
Total instruction	2,	883,703		2,883,703	-	2,723,426		160,277
Support services:								
Pupil services		282,011		282,011		251,351		30,660
Instructional staff services	,	238,894		238,894		224,213		14,681
Business administration		161,340		161,340		136,662		24,678
Other support services		38,150		38,150		46,258	(	8,108)
Total support services	-	720,395		720,395		658,484		61,911
Nonprogram		280,200		280,200		192,216		87,984
Total expenditures	3,	884,298		3,884,298	s	3,574,126		310,172
Excess of revenues							8	
under expenditures	( 2,	471,413)	(	2,471,413)	(	2,146,153)		325,260
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		471,413	-	2,471,413		2,146,153	<u>,                                     </u>	325,260)
Net change in fund balance								
Fund balance, beginning of year							-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

ASSETS	Other Special Projects	TEACH	Food Service	Community Service	Totals
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments Inventories	\$ 372,796   	\$  	\$ 250,203 27,762  14,504	\$ 136,283   	\$ 759,282 27,762  14,504
Total assets	\$ 372,796	\$	\$ 292,469	\$ 136,283	\$ 801,548
LIABILITIES AND FUND BAL Liabilities: Food service deposits Accrued salaries & wages Total liabilities	\$ 	\$  	\$ 25,482  25,482	\$ 	\$ 25,482  25,482
Fund balances: Nonspendable Spendable:			14,504		14,504
Restricted	372,796		252,483		625,279
Assigned				136,283_	136,283
Total fund balances	372,796		266,987	136,283	776,066
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 372,796	\$	\$ 292,469	\$ 136,283	\$ 801,548

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Other		Food	Community	
	Special Projects	TEACH	Service	Service	Totals
Revenues:			- Sel vice		Totals
Local sources	\$ 491,331	\$	\$ 239,427	\$ 45,399	\$ 776,157
State sources			12,488		12,488
Federal sources	23,264		298,902		322,166
Other sources			517_		517
Total revenues	514,595		551,334	45,399	1,111,328
Expenditures: Instruction:					
Undifferentiated curriculum	88,372				88,372
Regular curriculum	386,041				386,041
Other instructional curriculum	•				21,441
Total instruction	495,854				495,854
Support services:		8-		E4	190,001
Instructional staff services	1,172				1,172
Other support services		47,961		79,967	127,928
Total support services	1,172	47,961		79,967	129,100
Food service			594,430		594,430
Total expenditures	497,026	47,961	594,430	79,967	1,219,384
Net change in fund balances	17,569	( 47,961)	( 43,096)	( 34,568)	( 108,056)
Fund balances,					
beginning of year	355,227	47,961	310,083	170,851	884,122
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 372,796	\$	\$ 266,987	\$ 136,283	\$ 776,066

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -GENERAL FUND

June 30, 2023

ASSETS	General Fund	Special Education Fund	Eliminations	General Fund Combined
Cash and investments Taxes receivable, net Accounts receivable Prepaid Expense Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 1,141,003 1,382,883 15,692 14,900 396,329 874,883	\$    396,329	\$   ( 396,329)	\$ 1,141,003 1,382,883 15,692 14,900  1,271,212
Total assets	\$ 3,825,690	\$ 396,329	\$ ( 396,329)	\$ 3,825,690
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages Accrued payroll taxes & withholdings Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 206 35,685 580,913  616,804	\$  396,329 396,329	\$  ( 396,329) ( 396,329)	\$ 206 35,685 580,913  616,804
Fund balances: Restricted Unassigned Total fund balances	119,599 3,089,287 3,208,886	  		119,599 3,089,287 3,208,886
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,825,690	\$ 396,329	\$ ( 396,329)	\$ 3,825,690

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GENERAL FUND

		Special		General
	General	Education		Fund
	Fund	Fund	Eliminations	Combined
Revenues:		,		12
Local sources	\$ 6,452,919	\$	\$	\$ 6,452,919
Interdistrict sources	1,650,724			1,650,724
Intermediate sources	55,914	12,914		.68,828
State sources	11,743,267	900,473		12,643,740
Federal sources	1,038,840	514,586		1,553,426
Other sources	99,093			99,093
Total revenues	21,040,757	1,427,973		22,468,730
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Undifferentiated curriculum	3,875,493			3,875,493
Regular curriculum	4,588,616			4,588,616
Special education curriculum		2,723,426		2,723,426
Other instructional curriculum	1,750,105			1,750,105_
Total instruction	10,214,214	2,723,426		12,937,640
Support services:	<del></del>			
Pupil services	674,037	251,351		925,388
Instructional staff services	550,520	224,213		774,733
General administration	314,919			314,919
School building administration	1,016,709			1,016,709
Business administration	2,872,121	136,662		3,008,783
Other support services	1,124,882	46,258		1,171,140_
Total support services	6,553,188	658,484		7,211,672
Nonprogram	2,300,238	192,216		2,492,454
Total expenditures	19,067,640	3,574,126		22,641,766
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,973,117	(2,146,153)	/	( 173,036)
Other financing sources (uses):		#/		
Operating transfers in		2,146,153	(2,146,153)	
Operating transfers (out)	(2,146,153)		2,146,153	
Net other financing	\ <u></u>			
sources (uses)	(2,146,153)	2,146,153		
Net change in fund balances	( 173,036)			( 173,036)
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,381,922			3,381,922
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,208,886	\$	\$	\$ 3,208,886

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Awarding Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/ Award Description	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Identification Number	Accrued Receivable 6/30/2022
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WI Department of Public Instruction: Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Breakfast	10.553	2023-441953-DPI-SB-546	\$ 1,005
National School Lunch-noncash	10.555	2023-441953-DPI-NSL-001	
National School Lunch-cash	10.555	2023-441953-DPI-NSL-547	5,348
Child Nutrition Cluster totals			6,353
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Formula Grants to LEAs	84.060A	n/a	
WI Department of Public Instruction:			
Special Education Cluster:			
IDEA Flow Through	84.027	2023-441953-DPI-IDEA-FT-341	360,611
IDEA Title I-A Schoolwide	84.027	2023-441953-DPI-IDEA-FT-341	66,607
Preschool Entitlement	84.173	2023-441953-DPI-IDEA-PS-347	20,872
Special Education Cluster totals			448,090
Title I-A	84.010	2023-441953-DPI-TIA-141	88,121
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	2023-441953-DPI-TIIA-365	33,396
Title II-D			
Title IV-A - Student Support and			
Academic Enrichment	84.424A	2023-441953-DPI-TIVA-381	13,449
Title VIII- Impact Aid	84.424A	2023-441953-DPI-TVIII	
Elementary and Secondary			
School Eergency Relieft Fund - II	84.425D	2023-441953-DPI-ESSERII-163	
Elementary and Secondary			
School Eergency Relieft Fund - III	84.425U	2023-441953-DPI-ESSERIII-165	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HU	JMAN SERV	ICES	
WI Department of Health Services:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	n/a	10,151
Totals			\$ 599,560

	Grantor	Accrued Receivable	
Expenditures	Reimbursement	6/30/2023	
\$ 16,898	\$ 17,903	\$	
49,227	49,227		
175,282	180,630		
241,407	247,760		
	2		
23,264	23,264		
321,687	386,964	295,334	
50,478	66,607	50,478	
14,176	20,872	14,176	
386,341	474,443	359,988	
57,614	88,121	57,614	
33,610	33,396	33,610	
6,507	13,449	6,507	
43,979	43,979		
456,268		456,268	
272,286		272,286	
ŕ			
108,802	105,536	13,417	
\$ 1,630,078	\$ 1,029,948	\$ 1,199,690	

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

Awarding Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/ Award Description	State ID Number	Pass-Through Identification Number	Accrued Receivable 6/30/2022
WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC I	NSTRUCTION		
Special Education and			
School Age Parents	255.101	441953-100	\$
State School Lunch Aid	255.102	441953-107	
Common School Fund Library Aid	255.103	441953-104	
General Transportation Aid	255.107	441953-102	
WI School Day Milk Program	255.115	441953-109	
General Equalization Aids	255.201	441953-116	
Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse	255.306	441953-143	1,000
State School Breakfast Program	255.344	441953-108	
Early College Credit Program	255.445	441953-178	
Per Pupil Aid	255.945	441953-113	
Educator Effectiveness Grant	255.940	441953-154	
Career & Technical Educ Incentive Grants	255.950	441953-152	
Assessment of Reading Readiness	255.956	441953-166	
Special Education Transition			
Incentive Grants	255.960	441953-168	
CESA#6:			
Special Education and			
School Age Parents	255.101	n/a	
Total Wisconsin Department of			
Public Instruction			1,000
WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF WORKFO CESA#6:	RCE DEVELO	PMENT	
Local Youth Apprenticeship	445.112	n/a	
WISCONSION DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICI	E		
School Safety Grants	455.206	n/a	
School SSIT / Mental Health Training	455.206	n/a	1,000
Total Wisconsin Department			•
of Justice			1,000
Totals			\$ 2,000

			Grantor		Accrued Receivable	
E	Expenditures	R	Reimbursement		6/30/2023	
1.5		-		0=		
\$	889,008	\$	889,008	\$		
	4,852		4,852			
	111,760		111,760			
	31,084		31,084			
	5,728		5,728			
	10,322,711		10,322,711			
	999		1,000		999	
	1,909		1,909			
	747		747			
	1,151,584		1,151,584			
	9,760		9,760			
	42,954		42,954			
	3,008		3,008			
	12,914	_	12,914			
	12,589,018		12,589,019		999	
	23,662		23,662			
	4,237		4,237			
	1,000		1,000		1,000	
	_,000		1,000		1,000	
	5,237		5,237		1,000	
\$	12,617,917	<u>\$</u>	12,617,918	\$	1,999	

### NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards (schedules) include the federal and state grant activity of Freedom Area School District under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of Freedom Area School District, they are not intended to and do not present the financial position, changes in the net assets or cash flow of Freedom Area School District.

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the schedules are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedules represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Freedom Area School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3. Special Education and School Age Parents Program:

The 2022-2023 eligible costs under the state special education program as reported by the District are \$3,022,900. The 2023-2024 estimated aid reimbursement for this program is \$952,214.

#### Note 4. Noncash Awards:

The federal donated commodities in the Child Nutrition Cluster is administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and passed through the Wisconsin Department of Instruction and transactions relating to this program are included in the District's basic financial statements. Commodities received during the year that are included in the federal expenditures are valued by the federal agency. There are no balances outstanding as of June 30, 2023.



### Erickson & Associates, S.C.

#### Certified Public Accountants

1000 West College Avenue • Appleton, Wisconsin 54914 • (920) 733-4957 • FAX (920) 733-6221 255 South Main Street • Fond du Lac, Wisconsin 54935 • (920) 921-4189 • FAX (920) 923-1149 www.erickson-cpas.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Freedom Area School District Freedom, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Freedom Area School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 and 2023-002 to be significant deficiencies.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### The District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ERICKSON & ASSOCIATES, S.C.

Erickson : associates, S.C.

Appleton, Wisconsin January 10, 2024

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and *State Single Audit Guidelines* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Guidelines, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single
  Audit Guidelines, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the District's internal control
  over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on requirements of the Uniform Guidance and *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ERICKSON & ASSOCIATES, S.C.

Crickson : associates, S.C.

Appleton, Wisconsin January 10, 2024

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Summary of Auditor's Results:**

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report on financial statements:

Unmodified opinion

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified

not considered to be material weaknesses?

Yes

Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified

not considered to be material weakness?

No

Type of auditor's report on compliance

for major programs:

Unmodified opinion

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major federal programs:

84.425D

84.425U

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Yes

State Awards

Internal control over major state programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified

not considered to be material weaknesses?

No Unmodified opinion

Type of auditor's report on compliance for major state programs:

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with State Single

Yes

Identification of major state programs:

Audit Guidelines?

255.101

255.201

Special Education and School Age Parents General Equalization Aids

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between

Type A and Type B Programs:

\$250,000

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Financial Statement Findings:**

#### 2023-001 Lack of Adequate Segregation of Duties in the System of Controls

Condition: The size of the District's office staff precludes an adequate segregation of accounting

and reporting functions necessary to ensure an adequate internal control system. The District primarily operates its accounting and reporting functions with three

individuals.

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal

controls over financial reporting, the selection and application for accounting principles, and the safeguarding of assets. Proper segregation of duties provides a system of checks and balances on the accounting system and reduces the risk of errors

and irregularities, both intentional and unintentional.

Cause: There are a limited number of office employees.

Effect: Proper segregation of duties in the system of controls is not accomplished.

Identification of a

Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding from previous audits, see 2022-001.

Recommendation: Management and the elected body should continue the monitoring and supervision of

the accounting and reporting functions. Monthly reporting of actual results, both

revenues and expenditures, to budget is recommended.

Views of Responsible

Officials: See District's corrective action plan.

#### 2023-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Condition: The District has historically relied upon its auditors to assist in the preparation of the

district-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the District's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who

cannot by definition be considered part of the District's internal controls.

Criteria: We are required to report on whether the District is able to prepare financial

statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data, and (2) reporting district-wide and fund financial statements, including the related

footnotes.

Cause: The additional costs with hiring staff experienced in preparing financial statements.

along with additional training time, outweigh the derived benefits.

Effect: Information provided to management throughout the year may not be presented in

accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Identification of a

Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding from previous audits, see 2022-002.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### 2023-002 Financial Statement Preparation - Continued

Views of

Responsible

Officials:

See District's corrective action plan.

Recommendation:

The District should continue to evaluate the cost/benefit of outsourcing the task of

preparing the financial statements to the external auditors.

Federal and State Findings and Question Costs:

None

#### Other Issues:

Does the auditor's report or the notes to the financial statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the District's ability to continue as a going concern?

No

Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material non-compliance, non-material non-compliance, questioned costs, material weakness, significant deficiency, management letter comment, excess revenue, or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the State Single Audit Guidelines?

Department of Public Instruction

Yes

Was a management letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?

Yes

Signature of shareholder Date of report

January 10, 2024

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **Status of Prior Year Findings**

The findings noted in the 2021 schedule of findings and questioned costs have been reported to the proper federal and state agencies.

#### 2022-001 Lack of Adequate Segregation of Duties in the System of Controls

Management continues to believe that due to budget constraints, it is not practicable for the District to hire additional staff to correct this finding.

#### 2022-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Management continues to believe that due to budget constraints, it is not practicable for the District to hire additional staff to correct this finding.



### FREEDOM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

#### 2023-001 Lack of Adequate Segregation of Duties in the System of Controls

Corrective Action Plan: The District continually evaluates the job duties of those involved with internal controls to find a fit that better segregates many of the duties. The District has also evaluated the cost/benefit of hiring additional support staff to achieve proper segregation of duties, but at this time, it is not possible due to budget constraints.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

#### 2023-002 Financial Statement Preparation

Corrective Action Plan: The District has evaluated the cost/benefit of outsourcing the task of preparing the financial statements to the auditors. The District has determined that it is in the best interest of the District to continue to do so. The District carefully reviews the draft of the financial statements and notes prior to approving them and will accept responsibility for their content and presentation.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

Contact Information: For more information regarding these findings please contact Maggie Gagnon, Director of Business Services at 920-788-7944.

Sincerely,

Maggie Gagnon

Director of Business Services